

2021 届北海市高三第一次模拟考试·英语试卷

参考答案、提示及评分细则

听力部分录音稿

(Text 1)

M: What do you think of cloning?

W: No doubt it's a great invention, but if it's not properly handled, it may have some side-effects.

M: What do scientists say about it?

W: They also have different opinions.

(Text 2)

M: Hi, Mary. Very glad to see you here.

W: Hi, Robert, I'm glad to see you here, too.

M: Your bike is so beautiful. Where was it made?

W: In China.

(Text 3)

W: Cigarette production should be considered illegal. Wouldn't you agree with me?

M: Absolutely, if no one produces them, people won't smoke. That is for sure.

W: You are right.

(Text 4)

M: Do you like our new history teacher?

W: I'm tired of his endless talking. He never gives us a little time to discuss things.

M: You can't say that! He's a very knowledgeable person.

W: But I can't see it.

(Text 5)

W: What's the temperature today?

M: It's fifteen degree centigrade.

W: Another cool day, isn't it? I wonder how long this comfortable weather will last.

M: It's just March. It will be hotter next month.

(Text 6)

W: Did you watch the comedy special on TV last night?

M: Yes, I don't think I have ever laughed. Did you watch it?

W: I planned to, but in the end I didn't.

M: Why?

W: My friend Mike was in a car accident, and was taken to hospital. I went to the hospital to see him.

M: I'm so sorry to hear that.

(Text 7)

W: United Airlines. May I help you?

M: Yes, I'd like to book a ticket for Flight 220 leaving for Honolulu on December 22nd at 7:30 in the evening?

W: Do you want to fly first or economy class?

M: Economy please.

W: Will this be a one-way trip?

M: No, round trip back to Chicago. By the way, do you have any direct flights coming back?

W: Yes, we do. Flight 515, leaving Honolulu at 3 pm, flies nonstop back to Chicago.

M: That would be perfect. What's the exact airfare?

W: The round-trip economy fare from Chicago to Honolulu is 476 dollars during the high season.

M: All right, here is the money.

(Text 8)

M: Hello, Mrs White. Do you feel better today?

W: Oh, much better. Thank you!

M: Can I ask you some questions now?

W: Certainly!

M: First, do you remember what the driver looks like?

W: Yes, he looked quite old and not very tall. Oh, and he had thick lips.

M: OK. When the accident happened, where were you going?

W: I was walking fast to a bank and paid a bill for my son.

M: I see. After the driver knocked you down, he got out of his car and looked at you, didn't he?

W: Yes, he did. I was bleeding, so he looked scared, and then hurried back to the car.

M: Do you remember his clothes?

W: Yes. He wore a blue T-shirt, gray trousers.

M: OK. I think I have enough information now. Thank you.

W: You're welcome.

(Text 9)

M: Wow, a three-day holiday, what are you planning on doing?

W: I don't know, I think I will go to the coast. Won't you have a picnic?

M: Yes. If you are going to the coast, you need to watch the whales. This is a perfect time of the year for that.

W: You know, I've heard that people had really good experiences. Is it expensive?

M: No, it's not. Usually they had certain times they sent out the boats to go. It's better to make a reservation, check the forecast, and you are expected to pay 25 to 30 dollars, probably.

W: That's not bad! But I'm afraid that the whale is going to accidentally hit the boat!

M: Yeah, but that would be an exciting adventure. You can swim, right?

W: Well, all right. It's just such a cool thing that I'm... a little afraid of.

(Text 10)

M: Much like in New York, being able to live comfortably in Beijing depends on how far from the city center you're willing to live. A one-bedroom in Tongzhou, 22 kilometers east of the city center, rents for only RMB 2,500 per month. "But your best bet as a foreigner is finding a room a bit closer to the center for around RMB 4,000, which you can pretty much do in the 'cool' parts of town near Sanlitun(9 kilometers northeast from the center) and Gulou(5 kilometers north of the center)," said Om Buffalo, an American who currently studies in Beijing. In general, south and west Beijing are cheaper than the north and east.

Other ways to save money include taking the subway instead of taxis. "For medium to long-distance trips, taking a taxi in Beijing often takes longer and costs more than the subway," said Josh Ong, director of global marketing and communications at Beijing-based Cheetah Mobile.

His other suggestion is to eat like a local, using the website www.dianping.com to find the places where real Beijingers are dining. "Western food in Beijing is expensive, but there are amazing noodle shops and dumpling houses just around the corner from you."

参考答案

1~5 BCCAC 6~10 BACBB 11~15 AABCB 16~20 CAACB

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇应用文。文章介绍了四部电影中深受观众喜爱的老鼠形象。

21. A 细节理解题。根据 **Stuart Little in Stuart Little** 一节中“*Stuart Little* is a 1999 live-action science-fiction comedy adventure film, based on a 1945 novel of the same name by E. B. White.”可知, *Stuart Little* 改编自同名小说。
22. D 细节理解题。根据 **Remy in Ratatouille** 一节中“With unusual senses of taste and smell, he dreams of becoming a chef like his idol(偶像), the late Auguste Gusteau.”可知, 该影片提及了 Auguste Gusteau。
23. C 细节理解题。根据 **Totoro in My Neighbor Totoro** 一节中“*But the image for Totoro was inspired by something similar to a mouse—chinchilla.*”可知, Totoro 不是真正的老鼠。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇记叙文。色盲女孩 Valoy 在一次班级演讲中讲述了自己的苦恼后, 她的老师 Sandy Kile 发动班级学生去帮助她获得了一副矫正眼镜, 她最终看到了多彩的世界。

24. A 推理判断题。根据第一段“Valoy says it's unbelievable and she has struggled with certain topics, especially the painting class in school and she would even paint the ocean purple before that.”可知, 提到 Valoy 的绘画课是为了说明她因为色盲承受了很多痛苦。
25. C 推理判断题。根据第三段“‘I didn't expect much for that,’ Valoy says. ‘Professor Kile truly believed it was going to happen but we were not sure.’”可推断, 当 Kile 建议向眼镜公司寻求捐赠的时候, Valoy 是感到不确定的。
26. B 细节理解题。根据第四段“Then, the class received a reply from the founder of Pilestone Inc., offering Valoy and six other community members his glasses for free.”可知, Valoy 并不是唯一一个收到捐赠的眼镜

的人。

27. D 细节理解题。根据第二段“... her teacher, Sandy Kile, was inspired to teach the class a more important life lesson.”及最后一段“*But Kile says that she is very glad the students have the chance to realize the significance of lending a hand to those in need...*”可知, Kile 想要让她的学生们明白帮助他人的意义。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。研究发现, 孩子们在不能用口头语言进行交流的时候, 在简单情景中, 他们用手势语进行交流, 在复杂情景中, 他们结合表示动作者和动作的手势进行交流。这种现象是形成新语言的基础。

28. A 细节理解题。根据第一段“*Languages are important. But how they appeared is largely a mystery(谜).*”可知, 语言的起源对我们来说基本上是未知的。
29. D 推理判断题。根据第二段“... the researchers turned off the sound and watched as the children found new ways of communicating that go beyond spoken language.”可推断, 研究者关掉声音是为了观察孩子们不说话时会怎样进行交流。
30. C 细节理解题。根据第三段的内容可知, 实验中的孩子们被要求用自己的方式描述一些东西。
31. B 文章出处题。通读全文可知, 本文主要介绍了一项研究——孩子们如何通过语言进行交流。由此可推断, 本文最有可能来自“科学杂志”。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。研究人员观察了飓风整整 39 年, 并以某种方式将数据正常化, 他们发现了一个明确的趋势: 总的来说, 风暴越来越强, 主要的热带气旋来得越来越频繁。这一发现证实了气候变暖确实会使飓风变得越来越强。

32. D 细节理解题。根据第二段 James Kossin 所说的话可知, 使用不同时期的工具收集到的数据很复杂, 这是收集数据的一个问题。
33. A 段落大意题。根据第三段“*To create a consistent record to work with, the researchers tried something new.*”可知, 本段主要讲述研究人员是如何获取具有一致性的记录的。
34. C 词义猜测题。根据第四段的内容再结合该段画线词后“*But it shows the increase is happening...*”中的 increase 可推断, 画线词的意思与 Rise 的意思最为接近。
35. B 标题判断题。通读全文, 尤其是文章第一段“*So though research has suggested the warming world would produce stronger hurricanes, it has been difficult to say that with certainty. A new paper, published online on May 18, proves its certainty...*”可知, 本文主要介绍了研究人员的发现表明气候变暖确实会使飓风变得越来越强。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了几个识别虚假网络信息并阻断其传播的方法。

36. D 根据空前“*虚假网络信息在手机短信和社交媒体上的传播速度可以和病毒一样快, 有时甚至更快*”及空后“*以下是一些最有效的识别并阻断其传播的方法。*”可知, D 项“*我们该怎么区分什么是真的, 什么不是呢?*”正好能起到承上启下的作用。
37. G 根据空后“*在社交媒体上, 虚假信息传播主要是靠朋友间口口相传, 所以传播得特别快*”可以反推, 这是“*因为人们倾向于相信自己的朋友*”, 故 G 项符合。
38. A 这一小节主要是强调了受众应该像记者一样学会甄别信息中的论据及图片等的真实性, 故 A 项“*像记者一样行动*”适合做小标题。
39. C 根据空后“*但是, 图片也可以被编辑。甚至未经编辑的图片可能是错误的*”可知, C 项“*小心, 图片也可能说谎*”符合。
40. E 根据空前“*这些故事经常使用激发强烈情感的语言*”可知, E 项“*它们试图激发公众的恐慌或愤怒*”符合。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇夹叙夹议文。作者的母亲是一个痴迷于读书的人, 但是由于事务繁忙, 所以她没有时间给孩子读书。在她弥留之际, 作者陪伴她并为她读书, 在她去世后作者回忆与她的点点滴滴。

41. A 因为失去(loss)母亲, “我”现在依然感到很痛苦。
42. D “我”的母亲是一个热情的读者(reader), 但只是针对她自己, 而不是她的孩子们(children)。
43. B 见上题解析。
44. D “我”的母亲期望(expected)“我”能独自阅读, 她也希望“我”能多阅读。
45. B 实际上(In reality), “我”在写她的讣告的时候就提到(mentioned)她总是让“我”读一些对“我”那个年龄来说比较成熟的(mature)书籍。
46. A 见上题解析。
47. C 见第 45 题解析。
48. A “我”记得“我”的老师曾问“我”是谁允许(allowed)“我”阅读适合成年人阅读的《智慧女人》这本书的。

49. C “我”回复(reply)道:“是我的母亲将它作为生日礼物送给我的。”
50. D “我”的母亲很忙碌(busy),她不得不做兼职和照顾(take care of)家庭,因此她的阅读时间只能属于她自己。
51. C 见上题解析。
52. A “我”的记忆(memories)中没有坐在她的腿上听她为“我”阅读的画面。
53. C 因此,当“我”在她弥留之际陪伴(accompany)她的时候,“我”不知道(know)自己该做什么。
54. B 见上题解析。
55. D “我”不能像第一天那样一直说话来陪她度过(spend)最后的时日。
56. B 在第二天的时候,“我”意识到(realized)“我”应该带点阅读的东西读给她听。
57. C “我”没有童年最爱的书籍(favorite),她也没有在“我”的童年里读过特别的书。
58. A “我”突然想到(struck)“我”可以为她读《智慧女人》。
59. D “我”不知道母亲是否能听到“我”的阅读,因为她已经失去意识了(unconscious),但是“我”希望“我”读给她听的东西能够表达(expressions)“我”的感受,也能够传达她的感受。
60. B 见上题解析。

【答案与解析】

本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了中国的京剧。

61. reflecting 考查非谓语动词。分析句子成分可知,这里考查的是非谓语动词, the actors and actresses 与 reflect 之间存在逻辑上的主谓关系,故此处用所给动词的现在分词,表示主动; When reflecting storytelling from as far back as the mid-Qing Dynasty 是状语从句 When they reflect storytelling from as far back as the mid-Qing Dynasty 的省略。
62. who 考查定语从句。分析句子结构可知,该空引导的是一个非限制性定语从句,从句缺少主语,先行词是 the actors and actresses,故此处用关系代词 who。
63. combined 考查非谓语动词。此处用所给动词的过去分词修饰名词短语 art form,此处的 combined 的词性是形容词。
64. anger 考查词形转换。根据并列词 gladness 及 sorrow and happiness 可知,此处用所给形容词的名词。
65. vividly 考查词形转换。此处用所给形容词的副词修饰动词 presented。
66. are 考查时态和主谓一致。本句在介绍京剧的主要角色,所以使用一般现在时态,又因为句子的主语是 four main role categories,故此处用 are。
67. of 考查介词。consist of 意为“由……组成”,为固定短语。
68. dynasties 考查名词复数。dynasty 是可数名词,根据空前“... Qin, Han, Sui, Tang, Song, Yuan, Ming and Qing.”可知,此处指“多个朝代”,故用所给名词的复数。
69. are adopted 考查动词的时态和语态。此处介绍的是京剧的基本情况,所以使用一般现在时态,又因为 Some of the newer operas 与 adopt 之间是被动关系,故此处用一般现在时的被动语态。
70. the 考查冠词。the public 意为“民众”,为固定用法。

短文改错

My little sister is the 11-year-old student. Today I gave up a new book to her or then asked her how her school was going. She couldn't wait ^ tell me about her kind act. During her lunch break, she spent 45 minute helping out in a kindergarten classroom. She helped do the cleaning, helped the children put her coats on, and got activities setting up for the next group that came in for the afternoon. I told her how greatly her volunteering was. She says with a smile, “Well, I'm like you now.” It was her words which made my day.

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书面表达

One possible version:

Dear Tom,

Our school newspaper is to publish an article about exchange students, so I am writing to ask you for help. Would you please share some details about your daily life in China, which may include your eating habits, your after-school activities and how you make friends with other students. Besides, it's a good idea to share your impressions of China.

The article will be published by the end of next month. Could you please send it to me one week before the deadline?

Best regards!

Yours,
Li Hua